ਗੁਰੂ ਗੋਬਿੰਦ ਸਿੰਘ ਧਰਮ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਵਿਭਾਗ

ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਯੂਨੀਵਰਸਿਟੀ ਪਟਿਆਲਾ- 147002 (1961 ਪੰਜਾਬ ਐਕਟ ਨੰ: 35 ਤਹਿਤ ਸਥਾਪਤ)

Syllabus for Ph. D. Entrance Test for Session 2024-25 Section-A (Research Methodology)

- 1. Meaning of Research , selection of topic and formulation of research problem
- 2. Word, Term, Concept, approaches and theories
- 3. Research design: exploratory, descriptive and experimental
- 4. Theory: concept and perspective/approach
- 5. Review of literature Preparation of synopsis and bibliography, consultation of primary and secondary sources
- 6. Techniques of data collection: observation, interview, questionnaire
- 7. Techniques of data analysis: discourse analysis
- 8. Use of references books, journals and manuscripts
- 9. Use of computer: data entry and internet
- 10. Techniques of writing: book review, research paper, research article
- 11. Techniques of writing: report and summary and Thesis
- 12. Research ethics
- 13. Use of MS Word for references, footnote and endnote
- 14. Teaching Aptitude
- 15. Mimasa Studies, Hermeneutics, Tafsil
- 16. Tika, Bhash, Preie, Parmarth

Section-B (Subject)

Section- I Study of Religion

- 1. Religion: Nature and Scope.
- 2. Relationship with Theology, Philosophy of Religion, Morality, and Sociology.
- 3. Meaning and Task of Religions wissenschaft.
- 4. Origin, development and Present Trends of the Study of Religion.
- 5. Anthropological Methodology with special reference to E.B. Tylor and J. Frazer.
- 6. Sociological Methodology with special reference to E. Durkheim and M. Weber.
- 7. Psychological Methodology with special reference to S. Freud and C.G. Jung
- 8. Phenomenological Methodology with special reference to W.B. Kristensen and G. Van Der Leeuw.

Section- II Philosophy of Religion

- 1. Philosophy of Religion: Meaning and Nature.
- 2. Philosophy of Religion: Religion and Philosophy (relationship).
- 3. Philosophy of Religion: Theology (relationship).
- 4. Theism: Deism, Pantheism.
- 5. Theism: Panentheism, Monotheism.
- 6. Religious Symbolism: Meaning of Nature.
- 7. Existence of God.
- 8. Grounds: The existence of God.
- 9. Grounds: Against the Existence of God.
- 10. Human Existence: Transmigration.
- 11. Human Existence: Immortality.
- 12. Problem of Good and Evil.

Section- III Sikhism

- 1. Sikh Religion: Origin, Meaning and Distinctive Features.
- 2. Basic Trends of Sikhism, Nam Japna, Kirt Kaarna, Vand Chhakna
- 3. Sikh Concept of Martyrdom.
- 4. Towards Development and Consolidation.
- 5. Guruship: Concept of Continuity, Personal and Impersonal
- 6. Sikh Institutions (Langar, Sangat, Gurdwara, Manji system).
- 7. Creation of Khalsa.
- 8. Guru Granth and Guru Panth.
- 9. Dharam Yudh.
- 10. Causes and Effect of Martyrdom of Guru Arjan Dev Ji.
- 11. Causes and Effect of Martyrdom of Guru Tegh Bahadur Sahib.
- 12. Martyrdom of Four Sahabzadas.

Section –IV Sikh Philosophy

- 1. Nature and classification of values: Intrinsic and instrumental
- 2. Spiritual and Secular values
- 3. Education and Political values
- 4. Wisdom, Justice, Courage
- 5. Nam, Dan, Ishnan
- 6. Truthfulness, Humility, Contentment
- 7. Religious harmony and tolerance
- 8. Social harmony: Caste and racial
- 9. Gender equality and issues of women (mainly dowry, violence feticides)
- 10. Social welfare
- 11. Environmental awareness
- 12. Bio-ethics

Section-V Judaism

- 1. Origin of Judaism Covenant
- 2. Jewish People: Their Life and Culture
- 3. Canonization and formation of the Hebrew Scripture (Torah, Nabbim, Kethubbim)
- 4. A detailed study of the Law (Ten commandments) .
- 5. History of the Jews A brief study of the main events from the time of Abraham to Moses as found in the book of Genesis and Exodus.
- 6. Role of Prophets in Jewish Religion.
- 7. Idea of God and His attributes.
- 8. Doctrine of Creation and Sacrifice.

Section-VI Hinduism

- 1. Vedic Gods- Indra, Agni, Varuna, Visnu and Rudra (a brief account).
- 2. Vedic sacrifices, (Yajna)-nature of sacrifices in the Vedas and Brahmanas.
- 3. Notions of Atman and Brahman in the Upanisads.
- 4. Transmigration and Moksa in the Upanisads.
- 5. Spiritual disciplines (Karma, Bhakti, Jnana) in the Bhagavadgita.
- 6. Notion of Sthitaprajna in the Bhagavadgita.
- 7. Basic tenets of Advaita.
- 8. Basic tenets of Visishtadvaita.

Section- VII Jainism

- 1. Origin & Development and historical Background of Jainism
- 2. The Tradition of Tirthankar Parshvanath and Tirthankar Mahavir, spread of Jain Religion, Sects of Jain Religion.
- 3. Origin of the Jain Order (Sangha)
- 4. Jain Councils, Ardhamagodhi & Shaurseni Agama literature (only introductory knowledge)
- Tattvas (Reality)
- 6. Way to emancipation
- 7. Doctrine of Anckantvada and Nayavada
- 8. Doctrine of Ahinsa

Section- VIII Christianity

- 1. A General Introduction to Christianity.
- 2. A brief Study of the Life and Teachings of Jesus Christ.
- 3. A General Introduction to the Bible
- 4. Christian Ethics Love and Service to Humanity
- 5. (i) Origin of Church and its main features as found in the book of Acts of Apostle.
 - (ii) Reformation as the beginning of Protestant Church
- 6. Coming of St. Thomas in India.
- 7. Trinity: Father, Son and Holy Spirit
- 8. Sin and Salvation

Section- IX Islam & Sufism

- 1. Religious conditions of Arabia before Prophet Muhammad
- 2. History of compilation of the Holy Quran: The contents of the Holy Quran
- 3. Five Pillars of Islam-Iman, Namaz, Roza, Haj and Zakat.
- 4. Four theological school of Khariji, Motazila, Ashniab Maturidi.
- 5. The first four Khalifas and their contributions.
- 6. Tasawwuf in the light of Quran and Hadith.
- 7. Development of Silsalas- Qadirya, Suhrawardia, Chistia, Naqshbandi
- 8. Doctrine of Tasawwuf.
- 9. Sufi concept of Hal and Mugam.
- 10. Wahadat- ul- Wajud and Wahadat-ul- Shahood.

Section- X Buddhism

- 1. Origin and Development of Buddhism
- 2. Life of the Lord Buddha
- 3. Expansion of Buddhism (Sri Lanka, Burma, Tibet and China)
- 4. Buddhist Sangha: Origin and Development
- 5. Buddhist Councils, compilation of the Pali Tripitakas and the Mahayana Sutra
- 6. Dharmacakra Parivarttana- Four Noble Truths, Trilakshana (anitya, Anatma, Dukkha)
- 7. Principle of Nirvana and the path of attaining Nirvana (Sila, Samadhi, Prajna)
- 8. Sunyavada, Vigyanavada and Principle of Trikaya